The Horseperson's Creed: When I ride out of the mountains I'll leave only hoof prints, take only photographs...and all the extra garbage I can pack out!

Northern Region Federal Building 200 East Broadway Missoula, MT 59807 (406) 329-3511

Rocky Mountain Region P.O. Box 25127 Lakewood, CO 80225-0127 (303) 275-5350

Southwestern Region Federal Building 517 Gold Avenue SW Albuquerque, NM 87102 (505) 842-3292

Intermountain Region Federal Building 324 25th Street Ogden, UT 84401 (801) 625-5306

> Pacific Southwest Region 630 Sansome Street San Francisco, CA 94111 (415) 705-2874

Pacific Northwest Region 319 SW Pine Street P.O. Box 3623 Portland, OR 97208 (503) 326-2971

Southern Region 1720 Peachtree Road NW Atlanta, GA 30367 (404) 347-2384

Eastern Region 310 West Wisconsin Avenue Room 500 Milwaukee, WI 53203 (414) 297-3693

Alaska Region Federal Office Building 709 West Ninth Street P.O. Box 21628 Juneau, AK 99802 (907) 586-8870



Outdoor Skills and Ethics for America's Wildlands

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Horse Sense

PACKING LIGHTLY ON YOUR NATIONAL FORESTS



United States
Department of
Agriculture



Minimum Impact

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HOW'S YOUR HORSE PACKING SENSE?

Character to the second of the

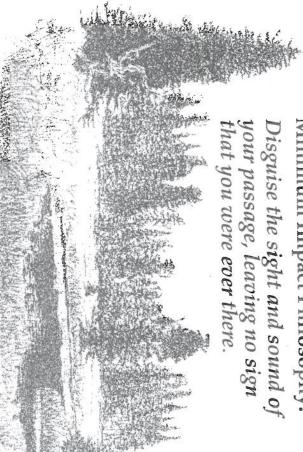
You've packed the finest horses and mules, explored every ridge in the National Forests around your home, and used your favorite spots every year.

The problem is, most good campsites, even in remote places, are are used all season. Careless use often results in polluted creeks, campsites covered with ash and beat to dust, trampled tree roots, and overgrazed meadows.

Since more people visit the backcountry every year, we'd like to remind you of a few simple ways to lower your impacts in the backcountry. Let's take a look...



Minimum Impact Philosophy:



PLAN AHEAD AND PREPARE:

Before You Go

Information?

Before you go, conact local land managers for maps and regulations concerning permits, campfires, party size, grazing, weedseed-free feed, trail conditions, closures, and more.

Consider seasonal weather changes and make alternate plans in case of bad weather.

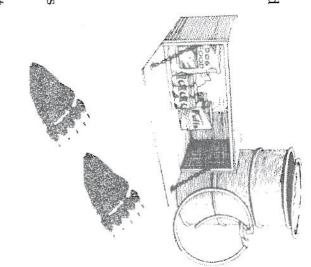
Physical Fitness?

It's easier to travel outdoors when both you and your animals are in shape for the trip.

Take a few short day rides before attempting long overnight trips.



Know your stock: Which animal leads best? Which ones follow better? Which is the slowest traveler? The slowest animal determines the speed of the pack string. Are they familiar with trails, packing, and with the equipment you plan to use? Get your animals used to highlines, pickets, hobbles, and various temporary corrals before you



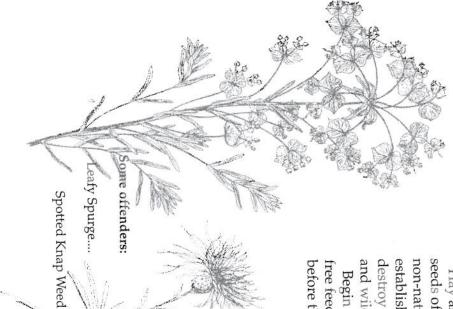
Bear Safety?

If you plan to pack in bear country, especially grizzly country, make sure you obtain and understand special safety and food storage regulations. Be aware of where bears live, eat, and travel. Food odors can attract hungry or curious bears and other animals too, so it is important to store your food properly. In some areas, this means using bear-proof boxes and panniers.

Feed

Supplemental Feed?

able grazing and restrictions, so stock used to it at home. Ask supplemental feed and get your you know how much supplemengrazed. Plan to take grassy meadow is dry or overwhen you find your favorite tal feed to bring and where to local land managers about avail Don't get caught unprepared



Certified

Weed-Seed-Free Feed?

and uncertified feed are allowed using certified weed-seed-free the spread of noxious weeds by required, but you can help prevent where you're going. It may not be While planning, find out if hay

Feed? Why Weed-Seed-Free

really need.

and wiidlife. destroy grazing for your stock established can spread and non-native plants, that, once seeds of noxious weeds and Hay and often feed contains

before the trip begins free feed at least two days Begin feeding weed-seed-

Lightweight,

of pack animals, while equipment ware, and stoves, cooksleeping bags, compact camp reduce the number utensils can help tents, camp allowing you to take what you

Use these to feed your stock hay, Nosebags and Mangerspellets or grain. They help



Safe Drinking Water -

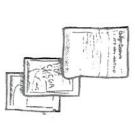
enough water for the area For short trips, carry you're in. For longer trips giardia filtering devices, iodine tablets and boiling all water are highly recommended

Food -

The Bare Essentials

PACKING

instead of glass and cans and to reduce weight. Use drated or freeze-dried food, or containers and plastic bags repackage food to save space light-weight, reusable plastic Avoid packing in needless Try prepackaged meals, dehy-



Around Camp -

camp clean. Use safety and keeping container are useful for fire can do so brush and trees these tools to clear trails when you that fall across A shovel, axe, and water

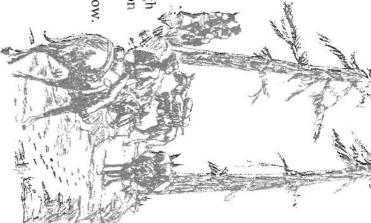
Minor Mishaps -

stock. Make sure you know how aid kit for both yourself and your to use first-aid supplies. Take insect repellent and a first-

ON THE TRAIL:

Hints For Smooth Trails

Use your "horse sense!"
It's easy to overlook, but
your own or your animals'
lives could be at risk in
rough country. Let your
stock pick their way through
boggy places, slide zones, on
slick and steep trails, and
through deep water and snow.
Or get off and lead them
through treacherous
stretches.



- Please stay on trails. Cutting across switchbacks tramples plants and creates parallel paths which erode severely.
- Although it's tricky, keep your stock from skirting shallow puddles, small rocks, and bushes. This helps prevent the creation of wide, deteriorating trails.
- At rest stops—even short ones—tie your stock off the trail. This is courteous to other trail users and helps reduce wear and tear on the trail. Before you move on, scatter the manure.
- Especially during fire season, NO SMOKING WHILE TRAVELING!
 If you do smoke, remember that cigarette butts are litter.
 Please pack them out.

TRAIL COURTESY: Making Friends in the Backcountry

In the backcountry, say hello! A little simple courtesy makes life more pleasant for everyone.

Observe the basics of trail courtesy:



In steep, rough country, down-hill traffic usually yields to uphill traffic. If you have a better place to pull off, do so, and let the other folks pass through.

People with llamas, on foot, or on mountain bikes should yield to stock traffic because it is easier for them to move off the trail. If they don't, smile and yield the way, or ask them to stand below the trail and wait quietly for your stock to pass.



Remember that hikers unfamiliar with stock may not know how to avoid spooking the animals.



In the backcountry say hello!
Both animals and people will respond better if you speak to them in a soft voice.

IN STEEP COUNTRY,
DOWNHILL TRAFFIC YIELDS TO UPHILL TRAFFIC

STOCK:

Keeping Them With You

Your animals are important—if they wandered off, you'd have a heavy load on your shoulders! *Decide how you will keep your animals tied or corraled, then practice before you ride into the backcountry.*

Make sure your stock is trained with the methods to be used.

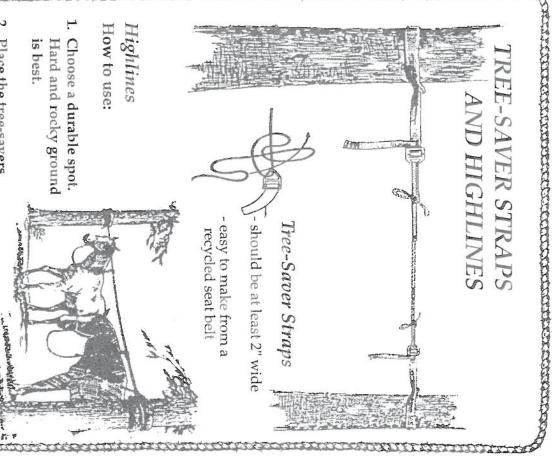
Where to Put Stock: Keep pack animals at least 200 feet from streams, lake shores, trails, and camping areas. This helps keep water clean, protects the soil and plants, and keeps trails and campsites clear of loose stock. Rotate stock throughout the area to reduce trampling and prevent overgrazing.

Methods:

Highline: A highline is one of the easiest, lightweight ways to keep your stock in camp and prevents them from trampling roots and chewing bark. Further reduce damage by moving the highline each night. Illustration at right shows an easy way to rig your highline.

Tree-Saver Straps: Straps are often used to make it easier to put up a highline and protect trees from damage due to girdling.

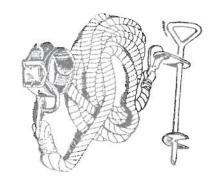
Hitching Rails: If you must tie stock to a hitching rail, find a 4" to 6" dead and down pole and tie between two trees. Place padding or wooden shims under the lash ropes to protect the bark. (Please don't cut standing trees). Remember to dismantle hitchrails and take all ropes and shims when you leave.

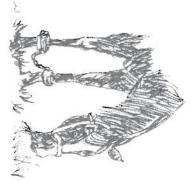


- Place the tree-savers and rope about 7 feet above the ground.
- Stretch the line tautly between two trees using adjustable, nylon tree-saver straps.
- Run the rope between the straps, tie with a quick-release knot, and pull tight.
- Tie stock to highline about 7 feet apart and at least six feet from the trees.

Picket Ropes and Pins:

Bring an easy-to-move picket pin-such as a lightweight aluminum one. Avoid areas with obstacles so the rope doesn't get hung up. If you walk your animal to the end of the rope before turning it loose, it's less likely to injure itself by running past the end of the rope. move the picket pin frequently, to prevent trampling and reduce overgrazing. When you break camp, be sure to take that picket pin with you.





Hobbles:

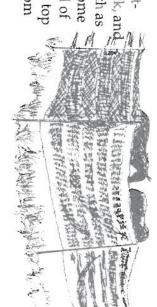
Wandering horse? Hobbles work for some animals, but others can move fast while wearing them. Again, get your stock used to them before going into the backcountry. Hobbles can reduce pawing by tethered stock.

Temporary Fences and Corrals:

When you plan to spend several days in one place, a temporary corral or fence is a good way to keep your stock in camp. <u>Make sure your stock are trained to stay in temporary corrals before leaving home.</u> If you find permanent corrals at trailheads or designated horse camps, use them! Try some of these temporary fences and corrals (don't forget to take them with you)!

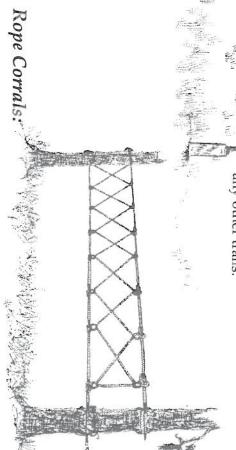
Plastic Snow Fences:

This fencing is lightweight, easy to pack, and
comes in colors such as
green and black. Some
people use a strand of
electric fence at the top
to prevent stock from
escaping.



Electric Fences:

Portable, electric fencing is a convenient temporary corral for stock trained to respect it. It is lightweight, portable, and can run on flashlight batteries. Wildlife sometimes go through electric fences, so be sure to place it away from game trails and any other trails.



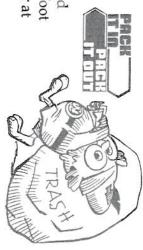
Rope corrals are pretty easy to rig and move, but they do require extra rope that can be heavy. One method uses two parallel ropes tied with loops or bow-lines and threaded with cross ropes for a more secure enclosure.

CAMP: Keeping it Clean

At last, you've found your spot. Hmm, looks like other people like this place, too. Some areas receive lots of visitors, and they don't all follow the "Pack it in, Pack it Out" philosophy. Should you stay here and clean it up, or let the next person take care of it? You've decided to improve your site? Good for you!

Like most people, you enjoy campsite privacy and solitude. Where should you put stock and gear? You can follow the "200-foot guideline": keep stock and gear at least 200 feet from the nearest lakes and streams, meadows,

trails, and other camps.
This helps keep streams and lakes clean, protects the soil and plant life, and keeps trails and campsites clear of loose stock.



Practice leave no trace principles: pack it out.

TIPS TO REMEMBER IN CAMP:

- -Picking a spot: Good campsites are found and not made. Select a durable well-drained, level spot. Follow the 200-foot guideline and make sure there's room to move stock to reduce trampling and prevent overgrazing.
- Soaps and Detergents: For washing chores, use a basin at least 200 feet from water sources. Water plants and fish are extremely sensitive to soap, even biodegradable soap, and can die from it.
 - -Personal Sanitation: To prevent contaminating water sources, dispose of human waste at least 200 feet from water, camp, and trails. Use biodegradable, unscented, white toilet paper. Bury human waste and toilet paper in a small "cat hole" in the top 6 to 8 inches of soil. Use a latrine for large parties or long stays. Cover your latrine completely. Some campers even collect their toilet paper in plastic bags and pack it out.

- allowed, we all enjoy the romance of a campfire. However, campfires sterilize the soil, blacken rocks, and leave long-lasting scars on the land. Use existing campfire rings in heavily used areas. Keep your fires small, attend them while burning, and let them burn down to a fine ash; then stir, scatter or pack out ashes according to local practice for that site.
 - Fire Pans and Cookstoves are good alternatives to traditional campfires. Fires built in fire pans are similar to campfires on the ground, but cause less damage. You can also use a cookstove instead of a fire: it's light, convenient, and reduces impacts to the land.
- Structures: Rock walls, log benches, lean-tos, and other structures detract from and needlessly impact the natural landscape. If you need temporary structures, bring lightweight equipment with you.

BREAKING CAMP:

"Pack it in, Pack it Out"....Leave No Trace

- Pack out all refuse, burned cans, unburned campfire debris, and garbage - including food scraps, grease, aluminum foil, and paper.
- 2. Burn what trash you can. Burying garbage or burning aluminum foil is not an acceptable disposal method and is illegal in some locations.
- Break up and scatter horse manure and fill in pawed holes.
- 4. Finally, scatter a covering of needles and cones over the site to make it appear natural for the next camper.

HAVE YOU CONSIDERED THESE

POINTS FOR PACKING LIGHTLY?

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Learn about various temporary corrals and fences. Keep stock at least 200 feet from shorelines and streams	Use highlines and tree-saver straps.
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BEAR COUNTRY

Store food, drinks, stock feed, and things like toothpaste and chapstick in bear-proof containers. Check on specific regulations for your area.	Learn to store food properly so food odors don't attract bears.	Be aware of where bears live, eat, and travel.
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PACK IT IN - PACK IT OUT

Pack out other garbage you find on the trail.	☐ When you leave, scatter rocks, logs, unused wood, and horse manure so your spot looks undisturbed.	Check for a clean site and leave nothing. Pack out cigarette butts and other "junk".	What comes in must go out-no exceptions. Pack out other people's trash in the sacks or bags in which you brought supplies.
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BE A GHOST RIDER...Leave No Trace

Learn more about the Leave No Trace National Outdoor Education Program, call 1-800-332-4100 ext. 282

A few days in a remote campsite can refresh and restore a tired spirit. Mount up and head for the backcountry.

Have a great trip!